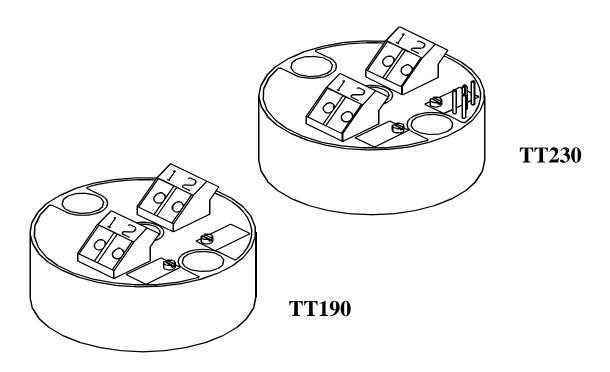
MINCO TT190 and TT230 2-wire Temperature Transmitters

Installation and Operating Instructions





MINCO PRODUCTS, INC.

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Description

Models TT190 and TT230 are 2-wire temperature transmitters for T/C (thermocouple thermometers). These transmitters are FM-approved for use in Class I, Divisions 1 or 2, Groups A, B, C, and D hazardous locations and appear in the approval guide as IS/I/1/ABCD and NI/I/2/ABCD. The TemptranTM converts the T/C's signal into a 4 to 20 mA current. The current changes according to the range marked on the Temptran: 4 mA at the lowest temperature of the range, rising to 20 mA at the top of the range. The leads that supply power also carry the current signal.

Installation

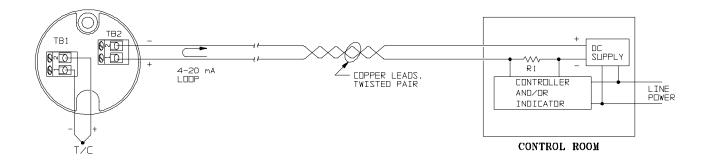
If installing the Temptran in a hazardous location, the installer must adhere to installation requirements as set forth by the National Electrical Code (NEC) and any other applicable codes and standards. See pages 3-7 for further information on installing these transmitters in a hazardous location.

Locate the Temptran near the T/C, in an area where the ambient temperature stays between -40 and 85 °C (-40 and 185 °F). Mount with #8 machine screws using the two mounting holes provided in the transmitter case.

Connect the Temptran as shown below, observing the +/- polarity of the current loop and T/C connections. Maximum DC supply voltage = 35 VDC. The T/C connections for the Temptran in the wiring diagram below must be connected as shown or the transmitter will not function properly.

For model TT190, the Temptran has been factory-calibrated for its marked temperature range. Do not change its zero and span adjustments.

Wiring Diagram



Installation of TT190 and TT230 TemptransTM in Class I, Divisions 1 or 2, Groups A, B, C, and D hazardous locations.

Read these instructions thoroughly before installing transmitters.

Per Factory Mutual,

- 1) Installation shall be in accord with these instructions and the National Electric Code.
- 2) If installing in a Class I, Division 1 hazardous area, then refer to dwg. INST. 704, "CONTROL DOCUMENT, SYSTEM APPROVALS FOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE TRANSMITTERS" on pages 5-7 of this manual.
- 3) If installing in a Class I, Division 2 hazardous area, the transmitters must be mounted in a ventfree enclosure, meeting the "Electrical Utilization Enclosure Requirements" stated below with which only the Approved equipment will be installed. All unused openings should be sealed.
- 4) Tampering and replacement with non-factory components may adversely affect the safe use of the system.

Electrical Utilization Enclosure Requirements (Required for Division 2 areas only)

- 1. Each of the transmitters must be mounted within an enclosure to prevent personal injury resulting from accessibility to live parts. This enclosure must comply with the requirements listed below. Further details of the enclosure requirements may be found in ANSI/ISA Standards S82.01, S82.02, and S82.03.
 - 1.1 Accessibility The transmitters must be installed within the enclosure so that its circuits are accessible by the use of a tool only. A part is accessible when a) the IEC articulate accessibility probe applied in every possible position to the exterior or exposed surfaces, including the bottom, or b) the IEC rigid accessibility probe applied with a maximum force of 30 newtons (6.75 lbs force) in every possible position to the exterior or exposed surface, including the bottom, touches the part.
 - 1.2 Protection From Fire If the enclosure is non-metallic, it shall have the proper flammability rating as detailed within ANSI/ISA Standard S82.01.
 - 1.3 Grounding A metallic enclosure must have a protective grounding terminal and be marked as such. The size of the ground terminal is to be equivalent to the size of the supply circuit conductor terminals. All accessible non-current conductive parts must be bonded to the protective grounding terminal.
 - 1.4 General Construction The equipment enclosure, or parts of the enclosure, required to be in place to comply with the requirements for protection from electric shock, personal injury, protection from internal parts and wiring, and external cord and cable assembly strain relief shall comply with the following tests for mechanical strength:

- a. Impact Tests The equipment shall be held firmly against a rigid support and shall be subjected to sets of three blows from a spring-operated impact hammer. The hammer shall be applied to any external part that when broken is likely to expose live parts. A window of an indicating device shall withstand an impact of 0.085 Newton-meter (0.753 pound force-inch) from a hollow steel impact sphere 50.8 mm (2 inches) in diameter and an approximate mass of 113.4 grams (4 ounces).
- b. Pressure Tests A force of 90 Newtons (20 pounds) shall be applied from a metal rod 12.7 mm (.50 inch) in diameter, the end of which is rounded. The force shall be applied for one minute to any point on the overall enclosure except the bottom. The bottom shall sustain a force of 65 Newtons (15 pounds).
- c. Tip Stability Test Equipment having a weight of 11 kilograms (24 pounds) or more shall not tip over when placed at the center of an inclined plane that makes an angle of 10 degrees with the horizontal and then turned to the position (with all doors, drawers and other openable and sliding parts in the least stable position) most likely to cause tip-over.
- d. Sharp Edges An accessible edge, projection, or corner of an enclosure, opening, frame, guard, handle, or the like shall be smooth and well rounded, and shall not cause a cuttype injury during normal use of the equipment.

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The approved entity parameters specified are for Class I. Div. I Groups A, B, C, and D hazardous locations.

Models	Models	Models
T1210, T1211 T1710, T1711	17176, 17216, 17676 17190, 17230	<u>11220. 11221. 11720</u>
Vmax = 35 volts	Vmax = 35 volts	Vmax = 35 volts
Imax = 150 mA	Imax = 150 mA	lmax = 150 mA
Ci = 0 uF	Ci = 0 uF	Ci = 0 uF
Li = 0 mH	Li = 0 mH	Li = 0 mH

 The selected associated apparatus and intrinsically safe apparatus must meet the following conditions for single channel aperation:

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{Vac} \leq \text{Vmoo} \\ 1\text{sc} \leq 1\text{moo} \end{array}$

rac ≤ sillo. Ca ≥ Ci La ≥ Li

The selected associated apparatus and intrinsically safe apparatus must meet the following conditions for dual channel or multiple single channel operation:

Yt ≤ Vmax

]t ≤]max [a ≥ [i

la ≥ Li

Voc. Vt. Isc. It. Ca and La are parameters of the associated apparatus where:

Vac, Vt = maximum open circuit voltage

lsc. lt = maximum short circuit current

Ca = maximum allawable connected capacitance La = maximum allawable connected inductance Vmax., Jmax. Ci and Li are parameters of the intrinsically safe apparatus where:

Ymax = maximum safe input voltage

lnax = maximum safe input current

Ci = maximum unprotected internal capacitance Li = maximum unprotected internal inductance

- Installation must be in accordance with the barrier manufacturers instructions. ANSI/ISA RP12.6 and the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA 7D).
- Control raom equipment connected to the associated apparatus must not contain a source of potential with respect to earth in excess of 250 Vrms or 250 Vdc.
- Associated apparatus is not required for operation in Division 2 hazardous (classified) locations.
- For Division 2 installations, the transmitters must be mounted within an enclosure meeting the requirements of ANSI/ISA 582.

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ANY OF THE LISTED INTRINSIC SAFETY BARRIERS ARE FACTORY MUTUAL APPROVED UNDER THE SYSTEM CONCEPT (SINGLE BARRIER ONLY) FOR USE WITH ANY OF THE FOLLOWING MINCO TEMPTRAN $^{\text{TM}}$ 4-20mA TRANSMITTER MODELS:

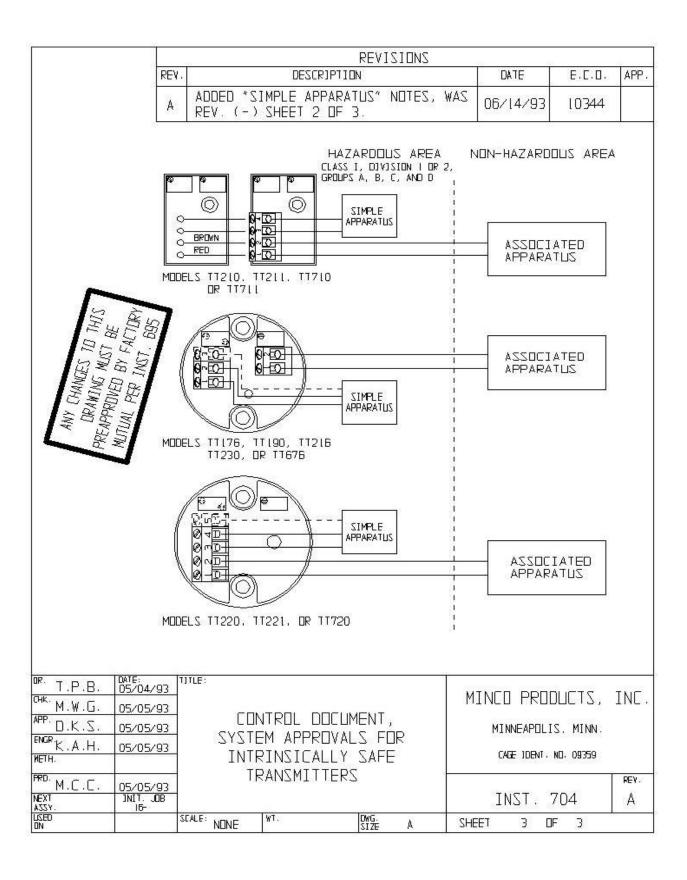
TT176, TT190, TT210, TT211, TT216, TT220, TT221, TT230, TT676, TT710, TT711, TT720

FOR USE IN CLASS I, DIVISION I, GROUPS A, B, C, D HAZAROOUS LOCATIONS.

BARRIER MANUFACTURER	BARRIER MODEL
MTL (MANASSAS, VA 703-361-0111)	702+ 706+ 787S+ 788+ 244 l 304 l 3046B 4041
R. STAHL (WDBURN, MA 800-782-4357)	9001/01-280-100-10 9001/51-280-091-14 9001/51-280-110-14 9002/13-280-110-00
PEPPERL & FUCHS (TWINSBURG, DH 216-425-3555)	KHD3-ICR/EX130 200 KHD3-ICR/EX130 240 KHP-103/EX-1A KHP-104/EX-2A KHP-105/EX-2A KHZ-428/EX3 KHZ-487/EX3 KHZ-907/EX Z130/EX Z428/EX

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MPP. D.K.S.	05/05/93	CONTROL DOCUMENT, SYSTEM APPROVALS FOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE			MINNEAPOLIS, MINN. CAGE IDENT, NO. 08359				
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DN DEED		SCALE: NONE	WT.	DWG. SIZE	A	SHEET	2 OF	3	

Z479/EX Z487/EX



Calibration

NOTE: Steps 1 - 3 are only required if calibrating model TT230. If calibrating model TT190, then skip to step 4.

- 1. Desired Zero (4 mA) temperature must be within the limits specified in table below.
- 2. Select desired span from the table. Temperature Span equals the desired temperature at 20 mA minus the desired temperature at 4 mA. For example, suppose you have an RC range Temptran, and you want to calibrate to a range of -50 to 200 C, then the span = 200 (-50) = 250 C.

Temperature Span						
T/C Type:	К	E, J, K, T	К			
Connect:	RB range	RC range	RE range			
1 - A	50 to 70 °C	150 to 200 °C	300 to 400 °C			
2 - A	70 to 100 °C	200 to 300 °C	400 to 600 °C			
3 - A	100 to 200 °C	300 to 600 °C	600 to 1200 °C			
Zero (4 mA):	-50 to 50 °C	-100 to 200 °C	-100 to 500 °C			

- 3. Bend over the lead designated 1, 2, or 3, depending on selection from table, to the A lead and solder. See Figure 1 below. For the above example, lead 2 should be soldered to lead A.
- 4. Connect a power supply of 24 VDC, and a digital milliammeter (5-1/2 digit preferred) as shown in figure 1, or use a loop calibrator instead of the DC supply and milliammeter.

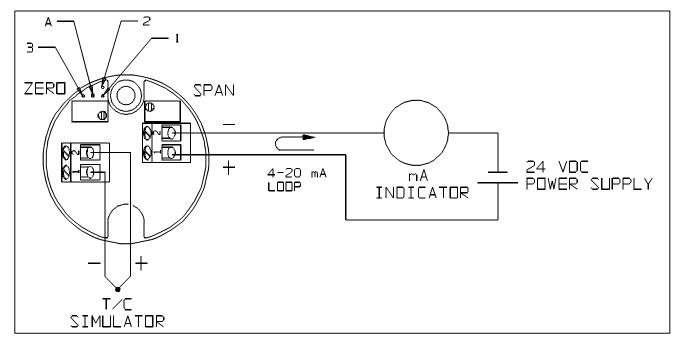


Figure 1

NOTE: For model TT190, the Zero and Span millivolt values are printed on the transmitter's label. For model TT230, refer to a mV vs. T chart for the desired element type.

- 5. Connect a thermocouple simulator with cold junction compensation to the input of the transmitter.
- 6. Set thermocouple simulator to simulate the 4 mA temperature. For the given example, the simulator should be set to -50 C.
- 7. Adjust ZERO potentiometer on the transmitter until the meter reads 4 mA.
- 8. Set thermocouple simulator to simulate the 20 mA temperature. For the given example, the simulator should be set to 200 C.
- 9. Adjust SPAN potentiometer on the transmitter until the meter reads 20 mA.
- 10. For model TT230, repeat steps 6 9 until no further adjustment is necessary. Model TT190 has non-interacting Zero and Span adjustments; therefore, steps 5 8 should not have to be repeated. However, it is recommended that step 5 be repeated to check that meter still reads 4 mA to ensure proper calibration.

Warranty

Items returned within one year from the date of sale, transportation prepaid, which Minco Products, Inc. (The "Seller") reasonably determines to be faulty by reason of defective materials or faulty workmanship will be replaced or repaired at the Seller's discretion, free of charge.

This remedy is to be the sole and exclusive remedy available to the buyer in the event of a breach by the Seller. Items that show evidence of mishandling or misapplication may be returned by the Seller at the customer's expense.

Furthermore, the Seller is not to be held responsible for consequential damages caused by its product except as required under Minnesota Statutes, Section 336.1-719 (3).

This warranty is expressly in lieu of any other expressed warranty or implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, and of any other obligations or liability on the part of the Seller or its employees or agents.

Specifications

Input: Type E, J, K, or T thermocouples. **Output:** 4 to 20 mA DC over specified range.

Accuracy:

TT190: +/- 0.2% of span.

TT230: +/- 0.3% of span when factory calibrated.

Linearity: Voltage linear. **Ambient Temperature:**

Operating: -40 to 85°C (-40 to 185°F). Storage: -55 to 100°C (-67 to 212°F).

Ambient Temperature Effects:

TT190: +/- 0.018% of span°C. TT230: +/- 0.025% of span°C.

Cold Junction Compensation:

+/- 0.03°C/°C for -25 to 70°C ambients.

+/- 0.06°C/°C for -40 to -25 and 70 to 85°C ambients.

Adjustments:

TT190: Zero and Span, +/- 5% of span.

TT230: Depends on temperature range selected.

Warmup Drift: +/- 0.2% of span max., assuming Vsupply = 24 VDC and Rloop = 250 ohms. Stable within 30 minutes.

Supply Voltage: 10 to 35 volts DC with no load.

Reverse polarity protected.

Voltage effect: +/- 0.001% of span per volt.

Maximum Load Resistance: The maximum allowable resistance of the signal-carrying loop is given by this formula: Rloop max = (Vsupply-10)/.02 amps.

Maximum Output Current: 27 mA.

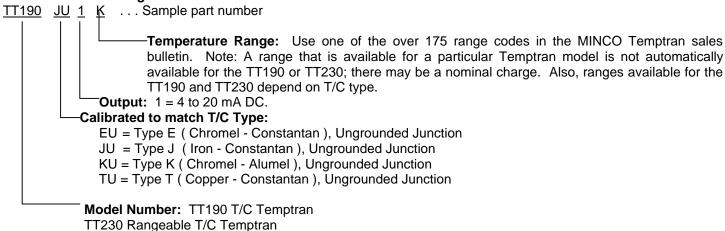
Connections: Terminal blocks for wires from AWG 22 to

AWG 14.

Physical: Epoxy potted for moisture resistance.

Weight: 1.8 oz. (58 grams).

Model Number Coding:



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MINCO PRODUCTS, INC.